

Ecological site R026XF011CA Granitic Slope 8-12" P.Z.

Accessed: 07/18/2024

General information

Provisional. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

Physiographic features

This site occurs on alluvial fans. Slopes range from 0 to 30 percent.

Table 2. Representative physiographic features

Landforms	(1) Alluvial fan
Elevation	1,676–2,073 m
Slope	0–30%
Aspect	Aspect is not a significant factor

Climatic features

Influencing water features

Soil features

Ecological dynamics

State and transition model

Contributors

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Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Au	thor(s)/participant(s)			
Со	ntact for lead author			
Da	te			
Ар	proved by			
Ар	proval date			
Со	mposition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production		
	licators Number and extent of rills:			
2.	Presence of water flow patterns:			
3.	Number and height of erosional pedesta	als or terracettes:		
4.	Bare ground from Ecological Site Descr bare ground):	iption or other stud	dies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not	
5.	Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:			
6.	Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/o	r depositional area	us:	
7.	Amount of litter movement (describe size	e and distance exp	pected to travel):	
8.	Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to values):	erosion (stability v	ralues are averages - most sites will show a range of	
9.	Soil surface structure and SOM content	(include type of st	ructure and A-horizon color and thickness):	
10.	Effect of community phase composition distribution on infiltration and runoff:	ı (relative proportio	on of different functional groups) and spatial	
11.	Presence and thickness of compaction mistaken for compaction on this site):	layer (usually none	e; describe soil profile features which may be	

12.	 Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to): 		
	Dominant:		
	Sub-dominant:		
	Other:		
	Additional:		
13.	Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):		
14.	Average percent litter cover (%) and depth (in):		
15.	Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annual-production):		
16.	Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:		
17.	Perennial plant reproductive capability:		