

Ecological site R078BY076TX Gyp 19-26" PZ

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Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

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Approved by	Bryan Christensen
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

Indicators

- Number and extent of rills:** Slight to moderate.

- Presence of water flow patterns:** Slight to moderate.

- Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:** Slight to moderate.

- Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):** 50 to 70% bare ground.

- Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:** Slight to moderate.

- Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:** Slight to moderate.

- Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):** Slight to moderate.

8. **Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages - most sites will show a range of values):** The soil surface is very shallow, calcareous, well drained with loam to clay loam texture. Moderately rapid permeable due to high gypsum content. High erosion potential without adequate plant cover.
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9. **Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):** Very friable; common fine roots and pores; few fine concretions of calcium carbonates; moderately alkaline; abrupt boundary.
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10. **Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:** A good grass cover is critical in the stability of this highly erosive site on steeper slopes.
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11. **Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):** None.
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12. **Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):**
- Dominant: Warm-season tallgrasses >>
- Sub-dominant: Warm-season midgrasses > Warm-season shortgrasses =
- Other: Forbs = Shrubs/Vines > Trees
- Additional:
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13. **Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):** Plant community will have minimal mortality and decadence.
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14. **Average percent litter cover (%) and depth (in):** Litter is dominantly herbaceous.
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15. **Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annual-production):** 300 to 500 pounds per acre.
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16. **Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:** Redberry juniper can become invasive.
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17. **Perennial plant reproductive capability:** All plant species should be capable of reproduction except during periods of

prolonged drought conditions, heavy natural herbivory or intense wildfires.
