Major Land Resource Area 116C St. François Knobs and Basins

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Description

The St. Francois Knobs and Basins is the structural center of the Ozark Dome. Elevation ranges from about 450 feet along the rivers in the southern part of the area, to 1,772 feet on the summit of Taum Sauk Mountain, the highest point in Missouri. Prominent features of this MLRA are the Precambrian igneous knobs and hills that rise conspicuously to various elevations, interspersed with smooth-floored basins and valleys overlying dolomite and sandstone. Ecological Sites defined for this MLRA are commonly associated with igneous parent materials, either in knob or basin positions.

Ecological site keys

MLRA 116C

- I. Loess over Residuum
 - A. CLAYPAN BASIN FLATWOODS Claypan ... F116CY008MO Claypan Basin Flatwoods
 - B. FRAGIPAN BASIN WOODLAND Fragipan ... F116CY009MO Fragipan Basin Woodland
- II. Colluvium and/or Residuum
 - A. SHALLOW IGNEOUS KNOB GLADE Bedrock <20" ... R116CY006MO Shallow Igneous Knob Glade
 - B. Bedrock >20"
 - 1 Slopes <15%
 - i. DRY IGNEOUS UPLAND WOODLAND Bedrock 20-40" ... F116CY003MO Dry Igneous Upland Woodland
 - ii. IGNEOUS UPLAND WOODLAND Bedrock >40" ... F116CY002MO Igneous Upland Woodland
 - 2 Slopes >15%
 - i. Bedrock 20-40"
 - a. DRY IGNEOUS PROTECTED BACKSLOPE WOODLAND N, E aspects
 - ... F116CY005MO Dry Igneous Protected Backslope Woodland

- b. DRY IGNEOUS EXPOSED BACKSLOPE WOODLAND ... F116CY011MO Dry Igneous Exposed Backslope Woodland
- ii. Bedrock >40"
 - a. IGNEOUS PROTECTED BACKSLOPE FOREST N, E aspects ... F116CY004MO Igneous Protected Backslope Forest
 - b. IGNEOUS EXPOSED BACKSLOPE WOODLAND S, W aspects ... F116CY010MO Igneous Exposed Backslope Woodland