

# Ecological site R226XY083AK Mud Flats (AK653 St Paul Island)

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#### **General information**

**Provisional**. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

# Physiographic features

This site is predominately a mud flat influenced by tidal action. It occurs immediately inland between the tidal flats and the vegetated zones.

Table 2. Representative physiographic features

Landforms	(1) Mud flat	
Flooding duration	Brief (2 to 7 days) to long (7 to 30 days)	
Flooding frequency	Occasional to frequent	
Elevation	1–5 ft	
Slope	0–2%	

#### **Climatic features**

Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	120 days
Freeze-free period (average)	100 days
Precipitation total (average)	24 in

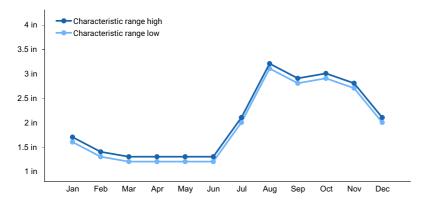


Figure 1. Monthly precipitation range

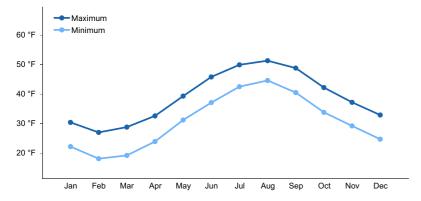


Figure 2. Monthly average minimum and maximum temperature

## Influencing water features

### Soil features

## **Ecological dynamics**

Composition varies between kelp and sea lettuce. There is no annual production on this site. Accumulated plant fragments can be 0 to 500 pounds/acre.

#### State and transition model

#### **Animal community**

This site does not provide forage but is a valuable site for reindeer to utilize for insect relief during warm periods.

## **Contributors**

Swanson

## Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	

Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production
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#### **Indicators**

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1.	Number and extent of rills:
2.	Presence of water flow patterns:
3.	Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:
4.	Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):
5.	Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:
6.	Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:
7.	Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):
8.	Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages - most sites will show a range of values):
9.	Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):
10.	Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:
11.	Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
12.	Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live

foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):

	Sub-dominant:
	Other:
	Additional:
13.	Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):
14.	Average percent litter cover (%) and depth ( in):
15.	Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annual-production):