

Ecological site R240XY088AK Rocky Volcanic Cone

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General information

Provisional. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

Physiographic features

This site occurs on steep volcanic cone slopes.

Table 2. Representative physiographic features

Landforms	(1) Volcanic cone
Elevation	37–183 m
Slope	100%

Climatic features

Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	120 days
Freeze-free period (average)	100 days
Precipitation total (average)	610 mm

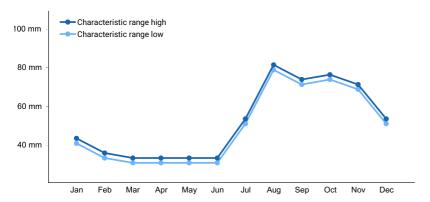


Figure 1. Monthly precipitation range

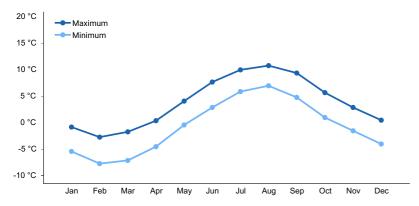


Figure 2. Monthly average minimum and maximum temperature

Influencing water features

Soil features

Soils are deep to very deep and well drained. Soils are very gravelly or very cobbly and textures are medium to coarse. Soil pH is moderately acid. Runoff is negligible and permeability is very rapid.

Table 4. Representative soil features

Surface texture	(1) Very cobbly silt loam
Family particle size	(1) Loamy
Drainage class	Well drained
Permeability class	Very rapid
Soil depth	102–165 cm
Surface fragment cover <=3"	0%
Surface fragment cover >3"	0%
Available water capacity (0-101.6cm)	9.14–9.65 cm
Calcium carbonate equivalent (0-101.6cm)	0%
Electrical conductivity (0-101.6cm)	0 mmhos/cm
Sodium adsorption ratio (0-101.6cm)	0
Soil reaction (1:1 water) (0-101.6cm)	5.6–6
Subsurface fragment volume <=3" (Depth not specified)	0%
Subsurface fragment volume >3" (Depth not specified)	0%

Ecological dynamics

State and transition model

Ecosystem states

1. Salix arctica/Artemisia tilesii	

State 1 submodel, plant communities

1.1. Salix arctica/Artemisia tilesii

State 1 Salix arctica/Artemisia tilesii

Community 1.1 Salix arctica/Artemisia tilesii

Shrubs make up about 40% of the composition, forbs about 50% and grasses and sedges 10% of the composition. Total annual vascular herbage production is 1660 pounds/acre. Total live lichen biomass is 1000 pounds/acre.

Additional community tables

Table 5. Community 1.1 plant community composition

Group	Common Name	Symbol	Scientific Name	Annual Production (Kg/Hectare)	Foliar Cover (%)
Shrub	/Vine	•			
1				701–757	
	northern willow	SAAR6	Salix arctophila	336–342	_
	oval-leaf willow	SAOVC	Salix ovalifolia var. cyclophylla	185–191	_
	black crowberry	EMNI	Empetrum nigrum	168–179	-
	netleaf willow	SARE2	Salix reticulata	17–28	-
	lingonberry	VAVI	Vaccinium vitis-idaea	0–6	_
Grass	/Grasslike				
1				196–252	
	shortstalk sedge	CAPO	Carex podocarpa	95–106	_
	alpine timothy	PHAL2	Phleum alpinum	50–67	_
	showy sedge	CASP5	Carex spectabilis	34–45	_
	fescue	FESTU	Festuca	0–11	_
	arctic bluegrass	POARA2	Poa arctica ssp. arctica	0–11	_
	spike trisetum	TRSP2	Trisetum spicatum	0–6	-
	bluegrass	POA	Poa	0–6	_
	woodrush	LUZUL	Luzula	0–1	_
	arctic lupine	LUAR2	Lupinus arcticus	_	
Forb					
1				897–953	
	Tilesius' wormwood	ARTI	Artemisia tilesii	219_235	_

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	Nootka lupine	LUNO	Lupinus nootkatensis	118–135	_
	seacoast angelica	ANLU	Angelica lucida	95–106	_
	Pacific hemlockparsley	COGM	Conioselinum gmelinii	84–95	_
	arctic cinquefoil	PONA6	Potentilla nana	73–78	-
	field sagewort	ARCAB4	Artemisia campestris ssp. borealis var. borealis	50–62	_
	whitish gentian	GEAL2	Gentiana algida	45–56	_
	villous cinquefoil	POVI4	Potentilla villosa	39–50	_
	captiate valerian	VACA3	Valeriana capitata	11–22	_
	Bering chickweed	CEBE2	Cerastium beeringianum	11–22	_
	larkspurleaf monkshood	ACDE2	Aconitum delphiniifolium	11–22	_
	boreal draba	DRBO	Draba borealis	11–22	_
	whorled lousewort	PEVE	Pedicularis verticillata	6–17	-
	yellow marsh saxifrage	SAHI3	Saxifraga hirculus	6–17	_
	arctic raspberry	RUARS	Rubus arcticus ssp. stellatus	0–11	_
	Aleutian violet	VILA6	Viola langsdorffii	0–11	_
	northern starwort	STCA	Stellaria calycantha	0–11	_
	alpine bistort	POVI3	Polygonum viviparum	0–11	_
	Hornemann's willowherb	EPHOB	Epilobium hornemannii ssp. behringianum	0–11	_
	boreal yarrow	ACMIB	Achillea millefolium var. borealis	6–11	_
	bittercress	CARDA	Cardamine	0–6	_
	arctic stitchwort	MIAR3	Minuartia arctica	0–6	_
	saxifrage	SAXIF	Saxifraga	0–6	_
	heartleaf saxifrage	SANEN	Saxifraga nelsoniana ssp. nelsoniana	0–1	_
	tall Jacob's-ladder	POAC	Polemonium acutiflorum	0–1	_
	rockjasmine	ANDRO3	Androsace	0–1	_
	Kamchatka rockcress	ARKA6	Arabis kamchatica	0–1	_
	Macoun's poppy	PAMA5	Papaver macounii		
Licher	1				
1				0–11	
	whiteworm lichen	THAMN3	Thamnolia	0–11	

Animal community

This site provides high value winter forage for reindeer. Willows growing on this site are also high forage value during the winter and winter-spring months.

Contributors

Swanson

Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem

condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	
Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

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Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on Annual Production						
Inc	ndicators					
1.	1. Number and extent of rills:					
2.	2. Presence of water flow patterns:					
3.	3. Number and height of erosional pedestals or te	erracettes:				
4.	4. Bare ground from Ecological Site Description of bare ground):	or other studie	es (rock, litte	·, lichen, moss	s, plant canopy ar	re not
5.	5. Number of gullies and erosion associated with					
6.	6. Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depos					
7.	7. Amount of litter movement (describe size and	distance expe	cted to travel):		
8.	8. Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion values):	า (stability val	ues are avera	iges - most sit	tes will show a ra	nge of
9.	9. Soil surface structure and SOM content (include	le type of stru	cture and A-I	norizon color a	and thickness):	
10.	Effect of community phase composition (relation distribution on infiltration and runoff:	ve proportion	of different f	unctional grou	ups) and spatial	

11.	Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
12.	Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):
	Dominant:
	Sub-dominant:
	Other:
	Additional:
13.	Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):
14.	Average percent litter cover (%) and depth (in):
15.	Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annual-production):
16.	Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:
17.	Perennial plant reproductive capability: