# Ecological site group DX035X02EESG08 Arizona Strip - Ustic Aridic - Sandstone or Sandy Loam Upland

Last updated: 10/26/2022 Accessed: 05/02/2024

#### **Key Characteristics**

- Arizona Strip (E)
- Site parent material is sandstone or sandy loam.
- Soils are ustic aridic, or precipitation is within the range of 10 to 14 inches.
- Site is and/or located in an upland with slopes <15%.</li>

Provisional. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

#### **Physiography**

Site is and/or located in an upland with slopes <15%. Aspects tend toward northeast except along escarpments.

#### Climate

Site soils are ustic aridic or within a 10-14" precipitation zone. Precipitation comes monsoonal patterns during months of July, August, and September, and is supplemented by winter storm patterns from November through March.

#### Soil features

Parent material is sandstone. Soils are sandy loams. Site consists of limited amounts of gently sloping sheet alluvial or eolian deposits over residuum of plateaus and structural benches.

#### **Vegetation dynamics**

Production is 25 to 50% grasses 5 to 10% forbs, and 50 to 70% shrubs.

#### **Major Land Resource Area**

MLRA 035X Colorado Plateau

#### **Subclasses**

- R035XC317AZ—Sandy Loam Upland 10-14" p.z.
- R035XC334AZ–Sandy Loam Upland 10-14" p.z. Calcareous
- R035XC339AZ–Shallow Sandy Loam 10-14" p.z. Calcareous
- R035XY216UT–Semidesert Sandy Loam (Wyoming Big Sagebrush)

#### **Correlated Map Unit Components**

22338431, 22338551, 22340903, 22340907, 22340971, 22340994, 22340996, 22340998, 22341010, 22395156

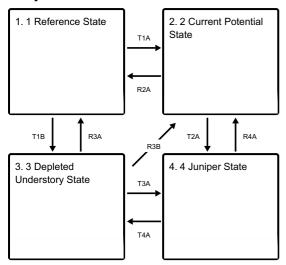
#### Stage

### **Contributors**

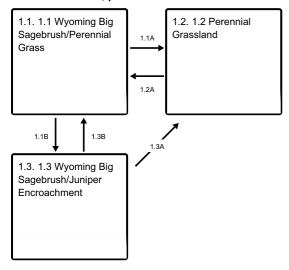
**Curtis Talbot** 

### State and transition model

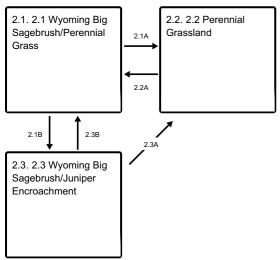
#### **Ecosystem states**



## State 1 submodel, plant communities



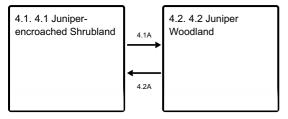
## State 2 submodel, plant communities



#### State 3 submodel, plant communities



#### State 4 submodel, plant communities



#### State 1

#### 1 Reference State

The reference state contains plant communities presumed to occur prior to the introduction of non-native plants, livestock grazing, and other modern disturbances. Wyoming big sagebrush dominance depends on time since fire, winter browsing, aroga moth, and/or extended drought. Utah juniper may occur as a minor component of the plant community and is removed by fire prior to maturity.

## Community 1.1

## 1.1 Wyoming Big Sagebrush/Perennial Grass

Production is 25 to 50% grasses 5 to 10% forbs, and 50 to 70% shrubs

## Community 1.2 1.2 Perennial Grassland

Production is 50 to 90% grasses, 5 to 15% forbs, and 5 to 35% shrubs.

#### Community 1.3

### 1.3 Wyoming Big Sagebrush/Juniper Encroachment

Production is 10 to 25% grasses, 2 to 5% forbs, 65 to 85% shrubs, and 5 to 15% junipers

## Pathway 1.1A Community 1.1 to 1.2

Fire taking out the sagebrush in patches.

## Pathway 1.1B Community 1.1 to 1.3

Encroachment of juniper

## Pathway 1.2A Community 1.2 to 1.1

Time as sagebrush fills in burned areas.

## Pathway 1.3B Community 1.3 to 1.1

A disturbance or treatment to the juniper.

## Pathway 1.3A Community 1.3 to 1.2

Fire burning sagebrush and juniper or mechanical/chemical treatment

#### State 2

#### 2 Current Potential State

#### Community 2.1

#### 2.1 Wyoming Big Sagebrush/Perennial Grass

Production is 20 to 50% grasses, 5 to 10% forbs, and 50 to 70% shrubs. Invasive species present but not dominant.

## **Community 2.2**

## 2.2 Perennial Grassland

Production is 50 to 90% grasses, 5 to 15% forbs, and 5 to 35% shrubs. Invasive species present, but not dominant.

## Community 2.3

## 2.3 Wyoming Big Sagebrush/Juniper Encroachment

Production is 5 to 15% grasses, 2 to 5% forbs, 65 to 85% shrubs, and 5 to 15% Utah juniper. Invasive species present but not dominant.

## Pathway 2.1A

Community 2.1 to 2.2

Fire, burning patches of sagebrush.

#### Pathway 2.1B

Community 2.1 to 2.3

Juniper encroachment

#### Pathway 2.2A

Community 2.2 to 2.1

Time as sagebrush re-colonizes burned areas.

#### Pathway 2.3B

Community 2.3 to 2.1

Juniper treatment, drought, or disease.

#### Pathway 2.3A

Community 2.3 to 2.2

Fire burning large patches of sagebrush and juniper.

#### State 3

3 Depleted Understory State

#### Community 3.1

3.1 Wyoming Big Sagebrush/Sparse Understory

Production is 0 to 10% grasses 0 to 5% forbs, 75 to 95% shrubs and 0 to 15% Utah juniper

## Community 3.2

## 3.2 Wyoming Big Sagebrush/Annual Understory

Production is 10 to 30% grasses, 0 to 5% forbs, 60 to 80% shrubs and 0 to 15% Utah juniper.

## Pathway 3.1A

#### Community 3.1 to 3.2

Further degradation and loss of soil with spread of annuals.

#### Pathway 3.2A

## Community 3.2 to 3.1

Stabilizing soil enough to begin colonization of perennial understory plants.

#### State 4

#### 4 Juniper State

## **Community 4.1**

#### 4.1 Juniper-encroached Shrubland

Production is 0 to 5% grasses, 0 to 5% forbs, 20 to 40% shrubs, and 75 to 95% trees.

## Community 4.2

## 4.2 Juniper Woodland

Production is 0 to 2% grasses, 0 to 5% forbs, 2 to 20% shrubs, and 75 to 95% trees.

#### Pathway 4.1A

#### Community 4.1 to 4.2

Extensive coverage of juniper with little understory.

#### Pathway 4.2A

#### Community 4.2 to 4.1

Fire or mechanical treatment to set juniper back coupled with colonization of shrubs.

## Transition T1A

#### State 1 to 2

Invasion of introduced species.

#### **Transition T1B**

#### State 1 to 3

Repetitive, high utilization of palatable grass species have increased bare ground and has degraded the site.

## Restoration pathway R2A

#### State 2 to 1

In theory, treatment of introduced species coupled with management to improve soil, water, and plant resources.

## Transition T2A State 2 to 4

Juniper encroachment

## Restoration pathway R3A State 3 to 1

A slow restoration of soil, grass, and hydrologic processes.

## Restoration pathway R3B State 3 to 2

Restoring grass production and cover through careful management.

## Transition T3A State 3 to 4

Juniper encroachment.

## Restoration pathway R4A State 4 to 2

Juniper treatment coupled with effective soil, plant, and hydrology management.

## Transition T4A State 4 to 3

Juniper treatment coupled with accelerated erosion.

### **Citations**