# Ecological site group DX035X04DESG01 Canon Seboyeta LRU Subset - Bottomland Subgroup

Last updated: 11/02/2022 Accessed: 04/19/2024

#### **Key Characteristics**

- Canon Seboyeta. This LRU subset drains eastward toward the Acoma Valley, and is confined to Cretaceous sedimentary parent materials. It is bounded to the west by the Mt. Taylor Volcanic field, to the north by a watershed divide, and to the east and south by a break between Cretaceous and Jurassic strata.
- Site occurs on landforms that are concave in one or more dimensions, and receive extra moisture from runoff, throughflow, or discharge in the landscape.

Provisional. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

### **Physiography**

Run-on sites in bottomlands positions.

Mostly marine shales from Cretaceous or Tertiary deposits. Westernmost extent of the San Juan Basin, adjacent to the Rio Grande Rift and in the Rio watershed.

#### Soil features

Deeper soils, susceptible to gully formation. Slight to moderate salinity and sodicity, secondary carbonates.

Sites from other MLRAs that were documented concepts in this LRU.

- -Salty Bottomland R036XB010NM
- -Bottomland R042XA0587NM Fits lower elevation range in ROC

#### Major Land Resource Area

MLRA 035X Colorado Plateau

#### **Subclasses**

- DX035X03A118

  Bottomland
- DX035X03A119—Clayey Bottomland
- DX035X03E005-Salt Flats

#### **Correlated Map Unit Components**

22980118, 22980319, 23186351, 23436619, 23436624, 23436241, 23436329

#### **Stage**

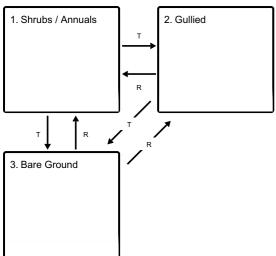
Provisional

#### **Contributors**

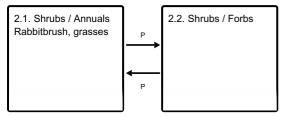
**Curtis Talbot** 

#### State and transition model

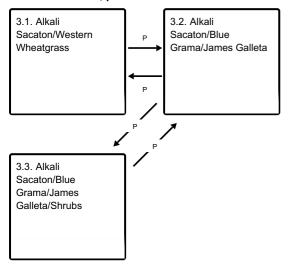
#### **Ecosystem states**



#### State 2 submodel, plant communities



#### State 3 submodel, plant communities



## State 1 Shrubs / Annuals

rabbitbrush, fourwing saltbush, grasses

#### **Dominant plant species**

• fourwing saltbush (Atriplex canescens), shrub

## State 2 Gullied

Gully formation due to reduced soil surface integrity, loss of organic matter, and increased amount of bare soil surfaced.

### Community 2.1 Shrubs / Annuals Rabbitbrush, grasses

#### **Dominant plant species**

• fourwing saltbush (Atriplex canescens), shrub

### Community 2.2 Shrubs / Forbs

## Pathway P Community 2.1 to 2.2

Continuous grazing

### Pathway P Community 2.2 to 2.1

Rest from grazing

## State 3 Bare Ground

Significant loss to soil surface due to reduced plant cover and erosion. Sheep grazing has historically been a driver.

#### **Dominant plant species**

- burrograss (Scleropogon), grass
- blue grama (Bouteloua gracilis), grass

## Community 3.1 Alkali Sacaton/Western Wheatgrass

#### **Dominant plant species**

- alkali sacaton (Sporobolus airoides), grass
- western wheatgrass (Pascopyrum smithii), grass

## Community 3.2 Alkali Sacaton/Blue Grama/James Galleta

#### **Dominant plant species**

- alkali sacaton (Sporobolus airoides), grass
- blue grama (Bouteloua gracilis), grass
- James' galleta (Pleuraphis jamesii), grass

## Community 3.3 Alkali Sacaton/Blue Grama/James Galleta/Shrubs

#### **Dominant plant species**

- alkali sacaton (Sporobolus airoides), grass
- blue grama (Bouteloua gracilis), grass
- James' galleta (Pleuraphis jamesii), grass

## Pathway P Community 3.1 to 3.2

#### Continuous Grazing

### **Conservation practices**

Grazing Management P	lan
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Grazing Management Plan - Written

Grazing Management Plan - Applied

Managing livestock access to water bodies/courses

### Pathway P Community 3.2 to 3.1

Rest/Deferred Grazing

#### **Conservation practices**

Grazing Management Pla	ing Management Pla	an
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Grazing Management Plan - Written

Grazing Management Plan - Applied

Grazing management to improve wildlife habitat

### Pathway P Community 3.2 to 3.3

**Continuous Grazing** 

### **Conservation practices**

Livestock Pipeline
Pumping Plant
Watering Facility
Water Well
Grazing Management Plan
Grazing Management Plan - Written

Grazing Management Plan - Applied

### Pathway P Community 3.3 to 3.2

**Shrub Control** 

#### **Conservation practices**

**Brush Management** 

## Transition T State 1 to 2

Loss of plant cover and soil surface degradation followed by an erosive rain event.

#### **Transition T**

#### State 1 to 3

Significant loss of vegetative cover due to heavy traffic, severe drought causing plant mortality, or other devegetating event.

## Restoration pathway R State 2 to 1

Gully restoration combined with improvements in the range conditions on surrounding uplands.

#### **Conservation practices**

Grade Stabilization Structure

## Transition T State 2 to 3

Loss of vegetative cover, possibly due to historical sheep grazing.

## Restoration pathway R State 3 to 1

Revegetation, reduction of bare ground. Successful seeding of native species.

## Restoration pathway R State 3 to 2

re-vegetation, reduced bare ground.

#### **Conservation practices**

Grade Stabilization Structure

### **Citations**